What is in this leaflet:
1. What Maalox Suspension is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you take Maalox Suspension
3. How to take Maalox Suspension
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store Maalox Suspension
6. Contents of the pack and other information

What is Maalox Suspension and what it is used for
Maalox Suspension contains two different medicines. They are called aluminium hydroxide and magnesium hydroxide. They belong to a group of medicines called antacids.

Maalox Suspension is used for:
- Heartburn or when your stomach has too much acid (indigestion)
- Inflammation of the stomach (gastritis), and
- When prescribed by a doctor it may also be used for lowering the amount of acid in your stomach or gut (intestine) when you have an ulcer

Maalox Suspension works by lowering the amount of acid in your stomach.

What you need to know before you take Maalox Suspension
Do not take Maalox Suspension if:
- You are allergic to aluminium hydroxide or magnesium hydroxide or any of the other ingredients in Maalox Suspension (listed in section 6).
- Signs of an allergic reaction include: a rash, swelling or breathing problems, swelling of your lips, face, throat or tongue
- You are feeling very weak and have no energy (debilitated)

You have kidney problems. Long term exposure to high doses of Maalox Suspension can lead to dementia.
- You have severe stomach pain
- Your bowel is partially or fully blocked
- Do not take this medicine if any of the above apply to you. If you are not sure, talk to your doctor or pharmacist before taking Maalox Suspension.

Warnings and precautions
Take special care with Maalox Suspension. Check with your doctor or pharmacist before taking this medicine if:
- You are on a low-phosphorus diet
- Other medicines and Maalox Suspension
Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines. This includes medicines you buy without a prescription, including herbal medicines.

Maalox Suspension should not be taken at the same time as other medicines. This is because Maalox Suspension can affect the way other medicines work.

Some medicines may be affected by magnesium hydroxide or they may affect how well magnesium hydroxide will work. Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are already taking:
- salicylates.
- polyethylene glycol (characteristics)

Maalox Suspension can affect the way other medicines work.

Maalox Suspension should not be taken at the same time as other medicines. This is because Maalox Suspension can affect the way other medicines work.

In particular, Maalox Suspension may affect the following medicines:
- Some medicines used to treat infections such as tetracycline, ciprofloxacin, rifampicin and ketocanozole
- Medicines for malaria such as chloroquine and hydroxychloroquine
- Chloropromazine – used for mental illness (psychosis)
- Vitamins
- Polyethylene glycol – used to treat high levels of potassium in the blood

Pregnancy and breast-feeding
Talk to your doctor or pharmacist before taking this medicine if:
- You are pregnant, might become pregnant, or think you may be pregnant. You should not take Maalox Suspension during the first three months of pregnancy
- You are breast-feeding or planning to breast-feed

Maalox Suspension contains sorbitol [E420]. If you have been told by your doctor that you cannot tolerate or digest some sugars, talk to your doctor before taking this medicine

Maalox Suspension contains less than 1 mmol sodium (23 mg) per 5 ml dose, i.e. essentially ‘sodium free’.

How to take Maalox Suspension
Always take this medicine exactly as described in this leaflet or as your doctor or pharmacist has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

- You must talk to a doctor if you do not feel better
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet (see section 4).
- Ask your pharmacist if you need more information
- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.

Other medicines and Maalox Suspension
Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines. This includes medicines you buy without a prescription, including herbal medicines.

Maalox Suspension should not be taken at the same time as other medicines. This is because Maalox Suspension can affect the way other medicines work.

Some medicines may be affected by magnesium hydroxide or they may affect how well magnesium hydroxide will work. Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are already taking:
- salicylates.
- polyethylene glycol (characteristics)

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How to take Maalox Suspension
Always take this medicine exactly as described in this leaflet or as your doctor or pharmacist has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.
Taking this medicine
• Shake well before use to ensure the product is mixed properly.
• Take this medicine by mouth.
• If necessary, Maalox Suspension may be taken with water or milk.

Adults, the elderly and children aged 14 years or older
• Take two to four 5ml teaspoonfuls.
• Take 20 minutes to 1 hour after meals and at bedtime.
• Alternatively, take as directed by your doctor.
• If the symptoms do not go away, talk to your doctor.

Children less than 14 years old
• Maalox Suspension is not recommended for children less than 14 years of age.
• If you take more Maalox Suspension than you should.

Stop taking Maalox Suspension and see a doctor or go to a hospital straight away.
Remember to take any medicine that is left with you so the doctor knows you have taken it.

The following effects may happen: diarrhoea, stomach pain or you may get a bloated feeling and cramping pain in the abdomen (stomach), be sick (vomit), have indigestion, heartburn, upset stomach, constipation, loss of appetite, dry mouth. This could be caused by an obstruction or blockage of the bowel (ileus).

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if any of the following side effects get serious or lasts longer than a few days. Also tell them if you notice any side effects not listed in this leaflet:

• Abdominal pain
• Hyperaluminemia, an electrolyte disturbance in which there is an abnormally low level of phosphate in the body. This may occur at high doses of the product or even at normal doses especially in patients with low phosphorous intake.

4. Possible side effects
Like all medicines, Maalox Suspension can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

Stop taking Maalox Suspension and see a doctor or go to a hospital straight away if:

Not known (frequency cannot be estimated from the available data)
• You have a red and lumpy skin rash, swollen eyelids, face, lips, mouth or tongue, itching and difficulty breathing or swallowing. This could be an allergic reaction.

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if any of the following side effects are serious or last longer than a few days. Also tell them if you notice any side effects not listed in this leaflet:

Common (may affect up to 1 in 100 people):
• Constipation
• Diarrhoea

Very rare (may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people):
• Hypermagnesemia, including observations after prolonged administration to patients with renal impairment.

Not known (frequency cannot be estimated from the available data)
• Hyperphosphatemia is an electrolyte disturbance in which there is an abnormally low level of phosphate in the body. This may occur at high doses of the product or even at normal doses especially in patients with low phosphorous diets.
• Abdominal pain
• Hyperaluminemia is an electrolyte disturbance in which there is an abnormally elevated level of aluminium in the body.

5. How to store Maalox Suspension

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not use Maalox Suspension after the expiry date which is stated on the carton and the bottle after EXP. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

Discard any medicine remaining 6 months after opening the bottle.

Store below 25°C.

Do not throw away medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to dispose of medicines no longer required. These measures will help to protect the environment.

6. Contents of the pack and other information

What Maalox Suspension contains
• Each 5ml of suspension contains 175mg of aluminium hydroxide and 20mg of magnesium hydroxide as the active ingredients.
• Some inactive ingredients of the pack.

Stop taking Maalox Suspension and see a doctor or go to a hospital straight away if:

Not known (frequency cannot be estimated from the available data)
• Hyperphosphatemia is an electrolyte disturbance in which there is an abnormally low level of phosphate in the body. This may occur at high doses of the product or even at normal doses especially in patients with low phosphorous diets.
• Abdominal pain
• Hyperaluminemia is an electrolyte disturbance in which there is an abnormally elevated level of aluminium in the body.